

## Speaking Test – Key Facts

### Aim

To raise awareness about the IELTS Speaking Test

### When to do the activity

Do this activity when first introducing the IELTS Speaking Test.  
Time needed: 15-20 minutes

### Types of activity

- Watch a video and make notes
- Read a Study Guide
- Pairwork writing and speaking

### Before class

- Check the classroom computer, projector and sound are working.
- Sign in to Road to IELTS and go through the activities below.
- Go to [Road to IELTS, Home, Resource Bank](#). Print one copy of [Study Guide, Speaking](#) for each student. It's also attached below.

### Step 1

Choose [Speaking](#)  
Click on [Starting Out](#)  
Play the [Speaking Key Facts](#) video to the whole class.  
Ask students to note the key facts.

- Starting Out
- Advice and Tutorials
- Practice Zone
- Test Practice



### Step 2

Click on [Practice Zone, Set 1, What is the IELTS Speaking Test?](#) Do the activity with the whole class then click [Marking](#) to check the answers. After [Marking](#), click on [any the class got wrong](#) to see feedback.

Introduction

What is the IELTS Speaking Test?

How the test begins

### Step 3

Hand out the [Study Guide for Speaking](#). Ask the students to read through it and underline key facts and advice, for example: 'The golden rule is to talk as much as possible.'



### Step 4

Put the students into pairs and ask each pair to write 5 statements about the IELTS Speaking. These sentences can either come from the video or from the Study Guide. Four of the statements should be True; one of the statements is False.

Example:

1. The test lasts between 11-14 minutes. (True)
2. You talk with another student during the test. (False)

When the five statements are ready, put two pairs together. Each pair takes it in turn to read out their statements, and the other pair must say whether the statements are True or False.

Example:

Group A: You talk with another student during the test.  
Group B: That's false. The IELTS speaking test has one student and one examiner.



Adam Forrester was a teacher with the British Council for four years and now works at the HKPolyU.

# Speaking

## The basics

The Speaking test is the same for Academic and General Training. It is a face-to-face interview with an IELTS examiner.

*Get ready for a great IELTS score!*

### The three sections

In **Part 1**, you answer general questions about yourself, your family, and other familiar topic areas.

In **Part 2**, you give a talk for one to two minutes based on a topic card. You have one minute to prepare.

After you talk, the examiner may ask one or two questions.

In **Part 3**, the examiner will ask you questions related to the topic in Part 2. This is an opportunity for you to develop ideas raised earlier.

### Timing

IELTS Speaking is on a different day from the other papers.

The test takes 11-14 minutes, broken down as follows: four to five minutes for Part 1; one minute to prepare and one to two minutes to speak in Part 2; and four to five minutes in Part 3.

## Preparation

You need to be aware of the language areas the examiner is looking for.

### 1 Fluency is a natural, continuous flow of language

You can only develop this with lots of practice. Take every opportunity you can to speak in English with family, friends, teachers... anyone you know who speaks English.

### 2 There are two aspects to vocabulary and grammar

One is range: use a variety of words for a single concept and use complex sentences. The other is accuracy: your vocabulary and grammar must be correct. Listen to how educated native speakers talk on the BBC (Google *BBC Radio 4 schedule*); practise talking on the same topic. Record and assess yourself.

### 3 Pronunciation ensures the listener understands you

You need to be clear and easy to understand. Consider subscribing to a program such as **Clear Pronunciation** from ClarityEnglish which helps both with individual sounds and with word and sentence stress, intonation, connected speech and consonant clusters.

### Four tips for your Speaking test

- ✓ When you run a race, you warm up beforehand. So, you can warm up your mind by thinking in English before you go into the test. Talk to other candidates in English while you are waiting.
- ✓ Most people are nervous in the Speaking test, and the examiner understands this. If you have an attack of nerves, pause and say, "I'm sorry, I'm very nervous. Can you give me a second?" Then take a deep breath and carry on.
- ✓ Don't learn your answers by heart. The examiner will spot this and will give zero marks for prepared answers.
- ✓ Don't get too stressed about getting everything absolutely correct. Everyone makes mistakes – including native speakers.

### In the test room

The golden rule is to speak as much as possible. In all three parts of the test, give full answers and back them up with reasons and examples: *I like drawing because it gives me a way to express my ideas. For example...*

Use the one-minute preparation time in Part 2 to make point-form notes. For example, if you are asked to talk about restaurants, you could write: *location – size – style of food – quality of food – service – price* and refer to restaurants you know.